

Burn Prevention: Scald Prevention

A scald injury can happen to anyone, at any age, but children, older adults and people with disabilities are especially at risk. Hot liquids from bath water, hot coffee and even microwaved soup can cause devastating injuries. In fact, scald burns are the secondleading cause of all burn injuries.

Fact!

Prepackaged microwavable soups are a frequent cause of scald burn injuries (especially noodle soups) because they can easily tip over, pouring hot liquid (and noodles) on the person.

Source: nfpa.org/education



Warden Burn Center

Safety Tips

- Teach children that hot things can burn. Install anti-scald devices on tub faucets and shower heads.
- O Always supervise a child in or near a bathtub.
- Test the water at the faucet. It should be less than 100°Fahrenheit (38° Celsius).
- Before placing a child in the bath or getting in the bath yourself, test the water by moving your hand, wrist and forearm though the water. The water should feel warm, not hot, to the touch.
- Place hot liquids and food in the center of a table or toward the back of a counter.
- Have a "kid-free zone" of at least 3 feet around the stove and areas where hot foods or drinks are prepared or carried.
- Open microwaved food slowly, away from the face. Allow microwaved food to cool before eating.
- Never hold a child while you are cooking, drinking a hot liquid, or carrying hot foods or liquids.
- Never heat a baby bottle in a microwave oven. Heat baby bottles in warm water from the faucet.
- Choose prepackaged soups whose containers have a wide base or, to avoid the possibility of a spill, carefully pour the soup into a traditional bowl after heating.

Burn Rx

Treat a burn right away. Cool the burn with cool water for 3-5 minutes. Cover with a clean, dry cloth. Get medical help if needed.

To learn more, visit

OrlandoHealth.com/WardenBurnCenter

Orlando Health Warden Burn Center located at Orlando Health Orlando Regional Medical Center