



Burn Prevention: Smoke Alarms at Home

Smoke alarms are a key part of every home's fire escape plan. When there is a fire, smoke spreads fast. Working smoke alarms give you early warning so that everyone can get outside quickly.

Smoke Alarm Facts

- Smoke alarms should be installed inside every bedroom, outside each sleeping area and on every level. Smoke alarms should be connected so when one sounds, they all sound. Most homes do not have this level of protection.
- Roughly 3 out of every 5 fire deaths happen in homes with no smoke alarms or alarms that are not working.

Source: [nfpa.org/education](https://www.nfpa.org/education)

Safety Tips

- Install smoke alarms inside and outside each bedroom and sleeping area. Install alarms on every level of the home, including the basement.
- Large homes may need additional smoke alarms.
- It is best to use interconnected smoke alarms. When one smoke alarm sounds, they all sound.
- Test all smoke alarms at least once a month. Press the test button to be sure the alarm is working.
- There are two kinds of alarms. Ionization smoke alarms are quicker to warn about flaming fires. Photoelectric alarms are quicker to warn about smoldering fires. It is best to use a mix of both types of alarms in the home.
- A smoke alarm should be on the ceiling or high on a wall. Keep smoke alarms away from the kitchen to reduce false alarms. They should be at least 10 feet (3 meters) from the stove.
- For people who are hearing-impaired or deaf, special alarms with strobe lights and bed shakers are available.
- Replace smoke alarms when they are 10 years old.
- Change batteries at least once per year.

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